

Algebarske manipulacije 1

Primjer 1 Neka su $a + b + c = 0$. Pokazati da je

$$\frac{a^2}{2a^2 + bc} + \frac{b^2}{2b^2 + ca} + \frac{c^2}{2c^2 + ab} = 1$$

Rjesenje:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{a^2}{2a^2 + bc} + \frac{b^2}{2b^2 + ca} + \frac{c^2}{2c^2 + ab} &= 1 \Leftrightarrow \\ \frac{a^2}{2a^2 + bc} &= \frac{a(b^2 - c^2)}{(a - b)(b - c)(c - a)} \Rightarrow \\ \frac{a^2}{2a^2 + bc} + \frac{b^2}{2b^2 + ca} + \frac{c^2}{2c^2 + ab} &= \frac{a(b^2 - c^2) + b(c^2 - a^2) + c(a^2 - b^2)}{(a - b)(b - c)(c - a)} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Primjer 2 Neka su a, b, c realni brojevi $ab + bc + ca + abc = 4$, pokazati

$$\frac{1}{a + 2} + \frac{1}{b + 2} + \frac{1}{c + 2} = 1$$

Rjesenje:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{a + 2} + \frac{1}{b + 2} + \frac{1}{c + 2} &= 1 \Leftrightarrow \\ (a + 2)(b + 2) + (b + 2)(c + 2) + (c + 2)(a + 2) &= (a + 2)(b + 2)(c + 2) \Leftrightarrow \\ ab + bc + ca + 4(a + b + c) + 12 &= abc + 4(a + b + c) + 2(ab + bc + ca) + 8 \Leftrightarrow \\ ab + bc + ca + abc &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

Primjer 3 Neka su a, b, c realni brojevi $a + b + c = 0$, pokazati

$$\left(\frac{a}{b - c} + \frac{b}{c - a} + \frac{c}{a - b}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{b - c}{a} + \frac{c - a}{b} + \frac{a - b}{c}\right) = 9$$

Rjesenje:

$$\begin{aligned} ab(a + b) + bc(b + c) + ca(c + a) + 3abc &= (a + b + c)(ab + bc + ca) = 0 \Rightarrow \\ ab(a + b) + bc(b + c) + ca(c + a) &= -3abc \\ a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc &= (a + b + c)(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ca) = 0 \Rightarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = 3abc$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{a}{b-c} + \frac{b}{c-a} + \frac{c}{a-b}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{b-c}{a} + \frac{c-a}{b} + \frac{a-b}{c}\right) = \\ &= \frac{a(c-a)(a-b) + b(b-c)(a-b) + c(b-c)(c-a)}{(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)} \cdot \frac{bc(b-c) + ca(c-a) + ab(a-b)}{abc} = \\ &= \frac{ab(a+b) + bc(b+c) + ca(c+a) - (a^3 + b^3 + c^3) - 3abc}{(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)} \cdot \frac{-(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)}{abc} = \\ &= \frac{-3abc - 3abc - 3abc}{abc} \cdot (-1) = 9 \end{aligned}$$

Primjer 4 Neka su a, b, c, d realni brojevi $\frac{a-b}{c-d} = 2, \frac{a-c}{b-d} = 3$, odrediti

$$\frac{a-d}{b-c}$$

Rjesenje:

$$\frac{a-d}{b-c} = \frac{\frac{a-b}{c-d} \cdot \frac{a-c}{b-d} - 1}{\frac{a-b}{c-d} - \frac{a-c}{b-d}} = \frac{6-1}{2-3} = -5$$

Primjer 5 Neka su a, b, c realni brojevi ,pokazati

$$\left(\frac{a}{b-c}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{b}{c-a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{c}{a-b}\right)^2 = 2 + \left(\frac{a}{b-c} + \frac{b}{c-a} + \frac{c}{a-b}\right)^2$$

Rjesenje:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{a}{b-c}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{b}{c-a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{c}{a-b}\right)^2 = 2 + \left(\frac{a}{b-c} + \frac{b}{c-a} + \frac{c}{a-b}\right)^2 \Leftrightarrow \\ & 2 + 2\left(\frac{ab}{(b-c)(c-a)} + \frac{bc}{(c-a)(a-b)} + \frac{ca}{(a-b)(b-c)}\right) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \\ & 2 + 2 \cdot \frac{ab(a-b) + bc(b-c) + ca(c-a)}{(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \\ & 2 + 2 \cdot \frac{-(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)}{(a-b)(b-c)(c-a)} = 0 \Leftrightarrow 0 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Zadaci za samostalan rad

Primjer 1 Neka su a, b, c realni brojevi i

$$(a+b)(b+c)(c+a) = abc$$

$$(a^3 + b^3)(b^3 + c^3)(c^3 + a^3) = a^3 b^3 c^3$$

Pokazati da je $abc = 0$

Primjer 2 Neka je $x \neq 1, y \neq 1$ i

$$\frac{yz - x^2}{1 - x} = \frac{zx - y^2}{1 - z}$$

Pokazati da je

$$\frac{yz - x^2}{1 - x} = \frac{zx - y^2}{1 - z} = x + y + z$$

Primjer 3 Neka za a, b, c vrijedi

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} = \frac{1}{a + b + c}$$

Pokazati da je za $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\frac{1}{a^{2n+1}} + \frac{1}{b^{2n+1}} + \frac{1}{c^{2n+1}} = \frac{1}{a^{2n+1} + b^{2n+1} + c^{2n+1}}$$

Primjer 4 Neka je

$$\frac{a + b}{a - b} + \frac{a - b}{a + b} = 6$$

Odrediti

$$\frac{a^3 - b^3}{a^3 + b^3} + \frac{a^3 + b^3}{a^3 - b^3}$$

Primjer 5 Pokazati

$$\frac{(a^2 + bc)(b^2 + ca)}{(a + c)(b + c)} + \frac{(b^2 + ca)(c^2 + ab)}{(b + a)(c + a)} + \frac{(c^2 + ab)(a^2 + bc)}{(c + b)(a + b)} = a^2 + b^2 + c^2$$

Primjer 6 Pokazati

$$\frac{(a^2 - b^2)^3 + (b^2 - c^2)^3 + (c^2 - a^2)^3}{(a - b)^3 + (b - c)^3 + (c - a)^3} = (a + b)(b + c)(c + a)$$

Primjer 7 Neka su a, b, c, x realni brojevi, $abc \neq 0$ i

$$\frac{xb + (1 - x)c}{a} = \frac{xc + (1 - x)a}{b} = \frac{xa + (1 - x)b}{c}$$

Pokazati da je $x = \frac{1}{2}$ ili je $a = b = c$

Primjer 8 Neka su a, b, c različiti realni brojevi i

$$a + \frac{1}{b} = b + \frac{1}{c} = c + \frac{1}{a} = t$$

Pokazati da je $abc + t = 0$

Primjer 9 Neka je $a + b + c = 0$, pokazati

$$2(a^4 + b^4 + c^4) = (a^2 + b^2 + c^2)^2$$

Primjer 10 Neka je $a + b + c = 1$, $ab + bc + ca = 2$, $abc = 3$. Odrediti

$$\frac{a}{a+bc} + \frac{b}{b+ca} + \frac{c}{c+ab}$$